

INTRODUCTION OF ASEAN NCAP 2026-2030 PROTOCOLS

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29 July 2025







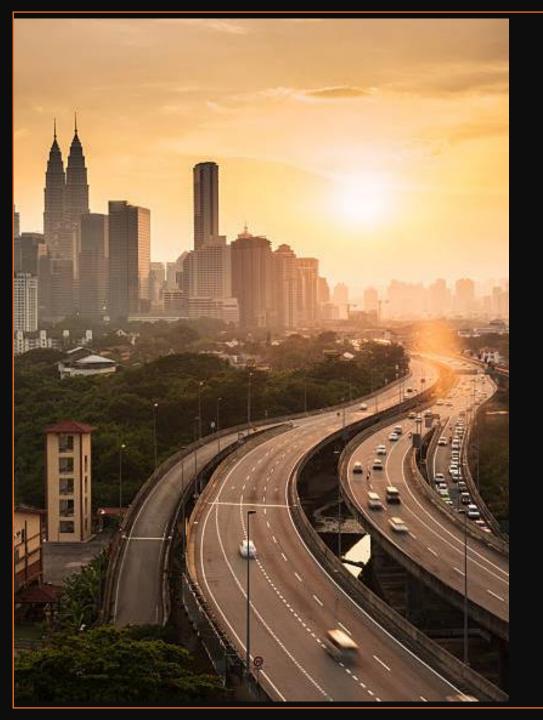


New Car Assessment Program for ASEAN









ASEAN NCAP assessment

Vehicle Safety



ASEAN Characteristics

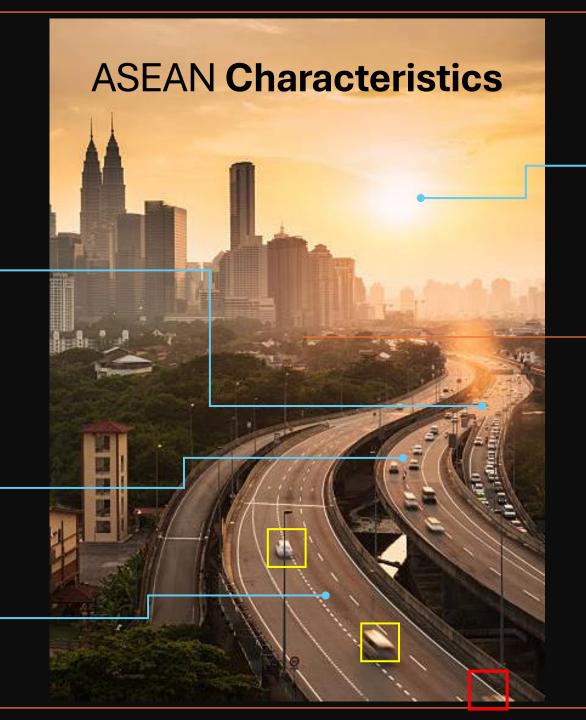


Technology provider



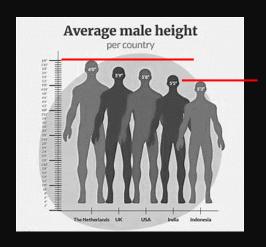
User





Environment

- Temperature
- Humidity



Lane width

Traffic conflicts

Accident scenario

2026-2030 Protocol





ASEAN NCAP Star Rating

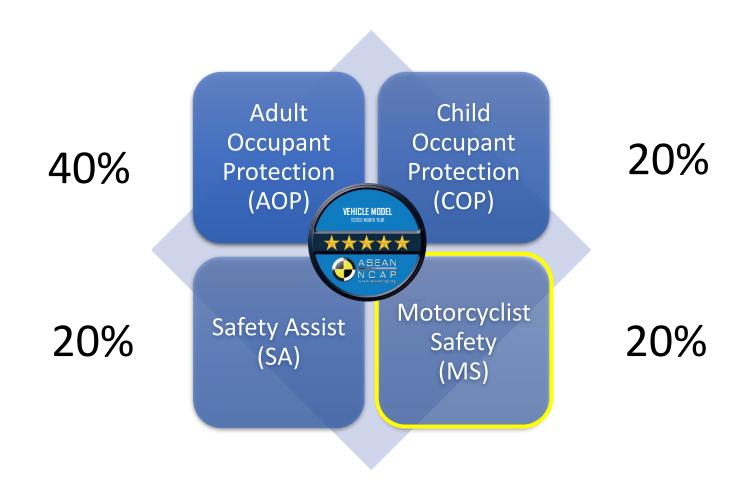


- Dummy injury
- vehicle performance
- component performance

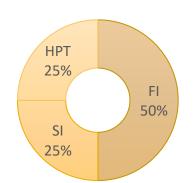
Assessment

Fitment Rating Score

ASEAN NCAP Assessment

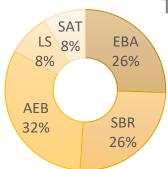


ASEAN NCAP Assessment



Dummy injury + vehicle performance + component performance

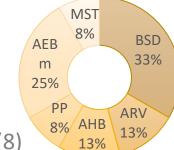
- Frontal crash test (18)
- Side Impact crash test (9)
- Head Protection Technology (9)



- Emergency Brake Assist (6)
- Seatbelt Reminder (6)
- Autonomous Emergency Braking (7.5)
- Lane Support (2)
- Advanced SAT (2)



- Frontal crash test (16)
- Side Impact crash test (8)
- CRS installation (12)
- Vehicle Based Assessment (13)
- Child Presence Detection (5)



CPD

8%

25%

SI

28%

VBA

20%

CRSi

- Blind Spot Detection (8)
- Rear View Technology (3)
- Auto High-beam (3)
- AEB Motorcycle (6)
- Pedestrian Protection (2)
- Advanced MST (2)

ASEAN NCAP Star Rating



2026-2030



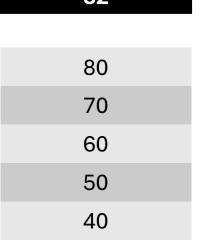
2021-2025



2021-2025



32



	0%
CC)P
FI	16
SI	8
CRSi	12
VBA	13
CPD	2
5	1

75	
60	
30	
25	
15	

	0%
EBA	SA 6
SBR	6
AEB	6
SAT	3
2	21

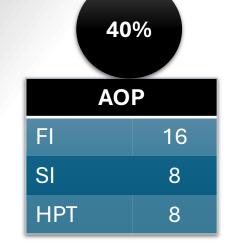
70	
50	
40	
30	
20	

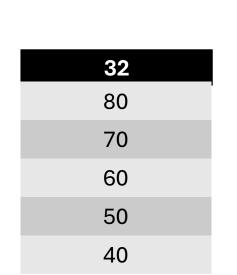
20%		
MS		
BSD / BSV	8	
ARV	4	
AHB	2	
PP	2	
MST	+2	
16		

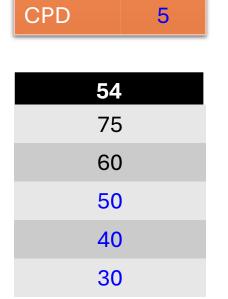
50	
40	
30	
20	
10	13



2026-2030







20%

COP

16

8

12

13

FI

SI

CRSi

VBA

S	SA
EBA	6
SBR	6
AEB	7.5
LKA	2
SAT	2

20%

23.5	
75	
60	
40	
30	
20	

20%	
MS	
BSD / BSV	8
ARV	3
AHB / ADB	3
PP	2
AEB MC	6
MST	2
24	
55	

45

40

30

20

20%



Fitment Rating System

- Frontal crash test
- Side Impact crash test
- Head Protection Technology



- Frontal crash test
- Side Impact crash test
- CRS installation
- Vehicle Based Assessment
- Child Presence Detection

- Emergency Brake Assist
- Seatbelt Reminder
- Autonomous Emergency Braking
- Lane Support
- Advanced SA

SA MS 20% (23.5) 20% (24)

- Blind Spot Detection
- Rear View Technology
- Auto High-beam
- AEB Motorcycle
- Pedestrian Protection
- Advanced MST





XXX Technology Application

- HPT
- AEB (CCRs, CCRm, CCRb)
- Lane Support (LKA, LDW)
- ARV
- AEB MC

$$\frac{\sum_{i}^{N} \alpha \times CS}{\sum_{i}^{N} CS} \times TFS \times NS$$

FRS

Fitment Type	Details	Fitment Rating Score, α
Option A	Vehicle model is equipped with XXX as standard equipment	1
Option B	Vehicle model is equipped with XXX as optional equipment	0.5
Option C	Vehicle model is not equipped with XXX	0



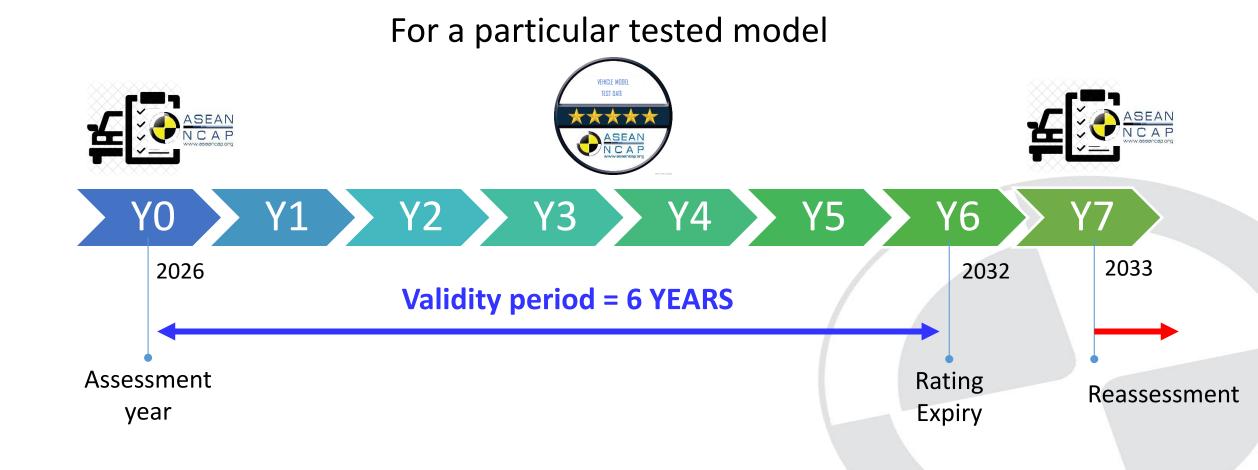


FRS for BST/BSV

Fitment Type	Details	Fitment Rating Score, α
Option A	Vehicle model is equipped with BST for both nearside and offside as standard equipment	1 STD.
Option B	Vehicle model is equipped with BST for both nearside and offside as optional equipment	0.5 OPT.
Option C	Vehicle model is equipped with BST for one side only as standard equipment	0.5 STD.
Option D	Vehicle model is equipped with BST for one side only as optional equipment	0.25 OPT.
Option E	Vehicle model is not equipped with BST	0



Star Rating Validity

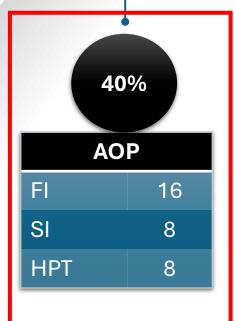




Adult Occupant Protection



2026-2030



32
80
70
60
50
40

20%		
C	OP	
FI	16	
SI	8	
CRSi	12	
VBA	13	
CPD	5	

54	
75	
60	
50	
40	
30	

20%		
S	A	
EBA	6	
SBR	6	
AEB	7.5	
LKA	2	
SAT	2	

23.5	
75	
60	
40	
30	
20	

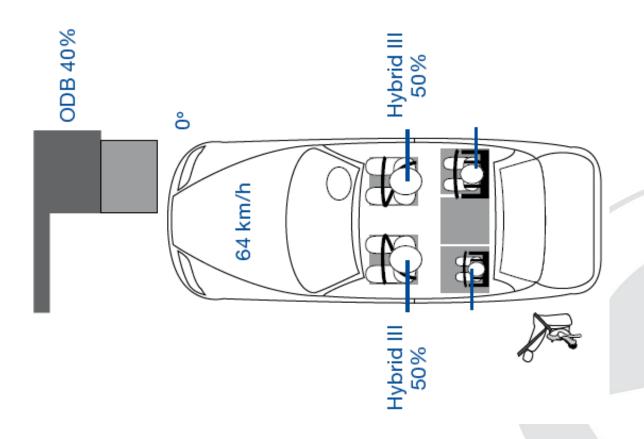
20%			
MS			
BSD / BSV	8		
ARV	3		
AHB / ADB	3		
PP	2		
AEB MC	6		
MST	2		
24			
55	·		
45			
40			

30

20



Frontal Impact



There is no significant change in-term of AOP since no changes on adult dummies & test speed





Side impact

• Dummy (front offside): WorldSID 50th%ile Male

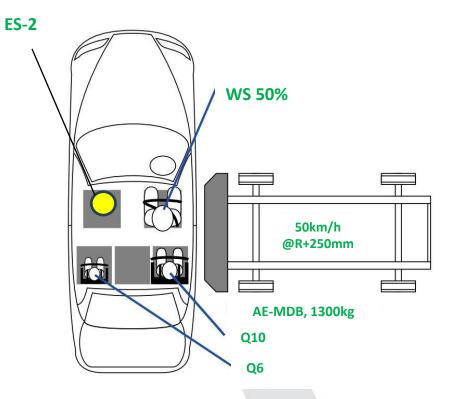
Dummy (front farside): ES 2 (non-instrumented)

• Dummy (rear right): Q10 Child Dummy

Dummy (rear left): Q6 Child Dummy

Impactor: AE-MDB 1300 kg

Impact Speed: 50 km/h ± 1.0 km/h

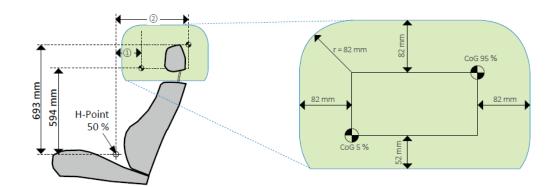






Head Protection Technology (HPT)

- Vehicles equipped with HPT e.g. side airbags, curtain air bags, seat mounted, etc. will have the inflated energy absorbing areas
- Evaluated by means of a geometric assessment.
- The airbags must provide protection for
 - a range of occupant size
 - seated at the front on both sides of the vehicle.
- Where a vehicle does offer sufficient protection,
 - maximum 8 point will be awarded
 - based on ASEAN NCAP FRS







Child Occupant Protection

Child Left Incidences

8-month-old baby died, left in the car for more than 7 hours

Another toddler in Malaysia dies after busy mother left her in car for over 7 hours

16-Month-Old Baby Dies After Being Left In The Car For Hours, Police Investigate Case For Possible Neglect

The father forgot to send the baby to the daycare centre which is situated at the IPTA campus where he works.



BY KERAN OCTOBER 25, 202



Press Statement No. 42-2023_Child Death Left in Cars-Children Commissioner's Urges Immediate Action and Awareness

November 14, 2023 · by Media with no comment · Press Statement · • 0

KUALA LUMPUR (14 NOVEMBER 2023) – The Children's Commissioner of the Human Rights Commission (SUHAKAM) is distraught over the recent vehicular-related hyperthermia deaths of children resulting from being left unattended in the car.

It is prudent to recognise that the over-reliance on advanced child safety features has gradually taken away the innate vigilance and hinders our memories resulting in enhancing the parents' forgetfulness. Whilst the popularisation of rear-facing car seats has improved the car safety of children, it has collaterally given rise to preventable incidences.

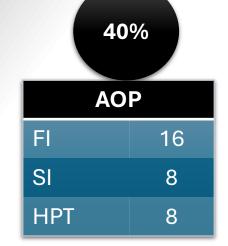
Statistics and studies have shown that these needless deaths of children happen largely to babies below 3 years, taking into account their underdeveloped responses to threats and risks. Parents are warned against complacency and the common belief that incidents alike would never happen to them.

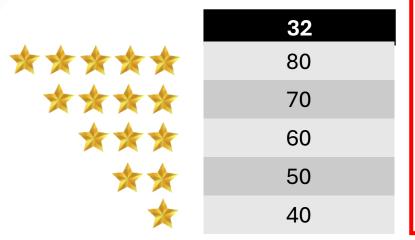
Prevention efforts should be ramped up by all relevant stakeholders especially the Ministry of Transport to create a nationwide campaign warning parents and public on this issue. The automotive and child-care industries including baby stores are encouraged to step up in addressing and advertising the risks of foregoing deaths owing to their potential commercial relationship that allows raising awareness among their clients.

Section 31 of the Child Act 2001 [Act 611] is in place to be enforced on any incidence that negligently places children's safety and lives at risk. Prosecutors are urged to join forces to educate and mainstream this issue within their informative and prosecutorial role as an agent of deterrent to the communities. Parents are strongly advised to routinely check on the safety and presence of their children and avoid taking granted on safety of the children.



2026-2030







54	
75	
60	
50	
40	
30	

20%		
S	SA	
EBA	6	
SBR	6	
AEB	7.5	
LKA	2	
SAT	2	

23.5	
75	
60	
40	
30	
20	

20%	
MS	
BSD / BSV	8
ARV	3
AHB / ADB	3
PP	2
AEB MC	6
MST	2
24	
55	·
45	
40	
30	
20	

20%





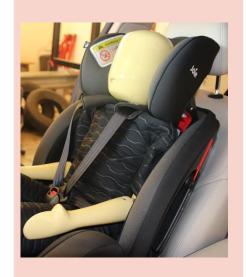
COP Assessment

DYNAMIC ASSESSMENT

- Frontal Impact
 - Side Impact



CRS INSTALLATION



VEHICLE BASED ASSESSMENT



CPD





Dynamic Assessment Frontal & Side Impact Test Protocol

FRONTAL IMPACT

SIDE IMPACT

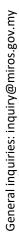
General inquiries: inquiry@miros.gov.my

ODB 40 % H III 50 % Q10 H III 50 % Q6



CRS TYPE USE FOR DYNAMIC ASSESSMENT

Q6 DUMMY	 Forward facing CRS for a child with a stature of 125cm. CRS recommended by the vehicle manufacturer, or selection CRS from the top pick list. Rearwards facing CRS is not allowed.
Q10 DUMMY	 Booster cushion with backrest. CRS recommended by the vehicle manufacturer or selection from the top pick list. Foot/toe touch front seat -> booster cushion. Head touch roof -> seatbelt only.





Installation Matrix

CRS INSTALLATION ASSASSMENT MATRIX				
	Category	CRS	Direction	Interface
	<85 cm	Joie i-Gemm 3	Rwd	B
	<85 cm	Joie i-Gemm 3 + Joie i-base 2	Rwd	_ I L_
	40-105 cm	Joie Steadi	Rwd	B
F	76-105 cm	Joie Steadi	Fwd	B
E LI	76-105 cm	Joie Elevate	Fwd	B
ENC	40-105 cm	Nuna Todl Next + Nuna Base Next	Rwd / Fwd	_ I L_
REFERENCE LIST	40-105 cm	Recaro Salia	Rwd / Fwd	_ I L_
	40-105 cm	Chicco Seat 3 Fit i-Size Air	Rwd / Fwd	_ I L_
	40-125 cm	Joie i-Spin Grow	Rwd / Fwd	_ I_ S
	100-150 cm	Cozy N Safe Augusta i-Size	Fwd	B I
	100-150 cm	Recaro Mako Elite 2	Fwd	B I
OEM	<85 cm	XXXX		
	76-105cm	XXXX		
	Q6	XXXX		
	Q10	XXXX		

- Based on CRS available in 3 ASEAN Countries.
- The top pick list are UNECE R129 certified.





Introduce ASEAN NCAP Manikin

- Developed according to ASEAN data
 Preferable to use
- Manikin 6YO (105-135cm) & Manikin 10YO (≈135cm)
- If not available, allowed to used Q6,Q10 or equivalent.





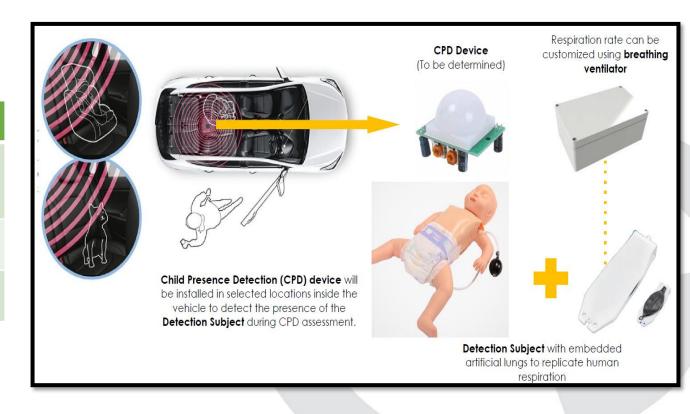
Child Presence Detection

The following respiration rates shall be used for sleeping children:

New-born to 2 years : 22-30 bpm

• >2 years to 5 years : 18-20 bpm

No	Criteria	CPD system	Point
1	Detection of all passengers - Rearward Facing - Forward Facing	Direct sensing	5.00
2	Detection of passengers - Forward Facing	Direct Sensing	4.00
3	Reminder System – Alert	Indirect Sensing	2.50



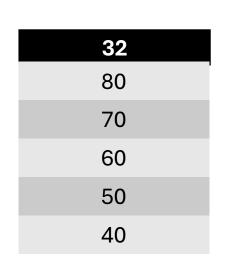


Safety Assist



2026-2030





CPD		5
	54	
	75	
	60	
	50	
	40	
	30	

20%

COP

16

8

12

13

FI

SI

CRSi

VBA

20%			
S	A		
EBA	6		
SBR	6		
AEB	7.5		
LKA	2		
SAT	2		
23	3.5		

23.5	
75	
60	
40	
30	
20	

20%				
СОР				
BSD / BSV	8			
ARV	3			
AHB / ADB	3			
PP	2			
AEB MC	6			
MST	2			
24				
55				
45				
40				
30				
20				



SAFETY ASSIST ASSESSMENT (SA)

2021 - 2025

- 1. Seat Belt Reminder (SBR)
- Anti-Lock Braking System (ABS)
- 3. Electronic Stability Control (ESC)
- 4. Autonomous Emergency Braking (AEB)
- ADVANCED Safety Assist Technology (SAT)



2026 - 2030

- 1. Seat Belt Reminder (SBR)
- 2. Effective Braking Avoidance (EBA)
- 3. Autonomous Emergency Braking (AEB)
- 4. Lane Support (LS)
- ADVANCED Safety Assist Technology (SAT)



SA POINTS

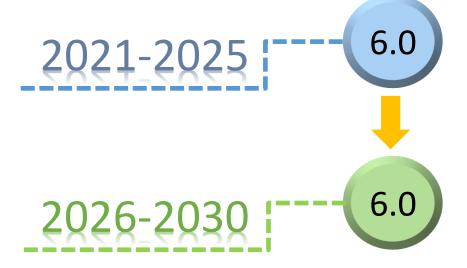


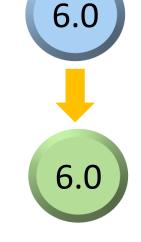


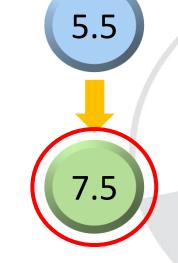


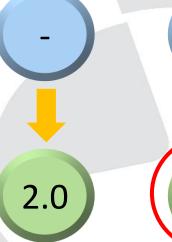


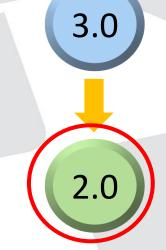
















SBR



2026-2030

2021-2025

Initial signal and

Intermediate signal

Simplified Information form

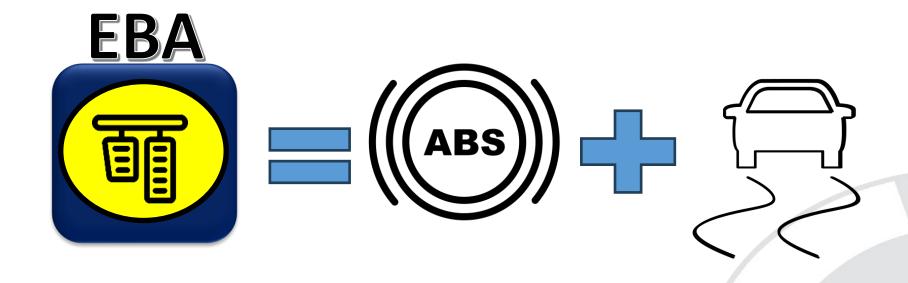
not assessed

REMOVED





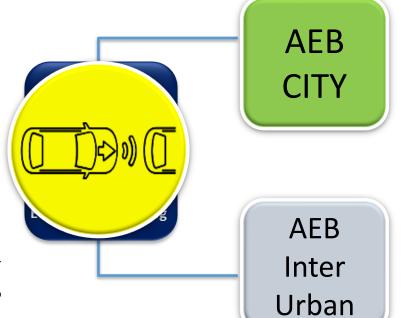
Effective Braking Avoidance (EBA)



 The assessment for Anti-Lock Braking System (ABS) and Electronic Stability Control (ESC) has combined into Effective Braking Avoidance (EBA)



Autonomous Emergency Braking (AEB)

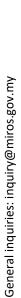


• Car to Car Rear Stationary (CcRS) 2.5



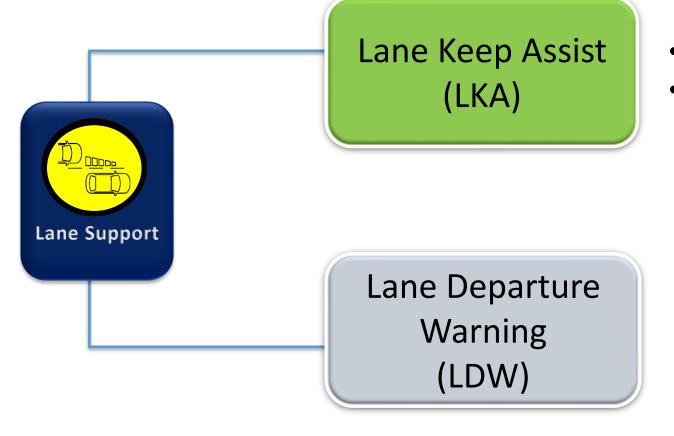
- Car to Car Rear Moving (CcRM) 2.5
- Car to Car Rear Braking (CcRB) 2.5



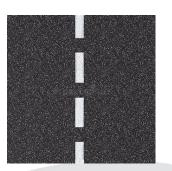




Lane Support (LS)



- Dashed line
- Solid line







Advance Safety Assist Technology (SAT)



Criteria

- Advance Safety Assist Technology that interacts and reacts between two vehicles
- Technology that respond to driver behaviour

List

- 1. AEB Pedestrian
- 2. Multi Collision Brake (MCB)
- 3. Speed Assistance System (SAS)
- 4. Driver State Monitoring (DSM)

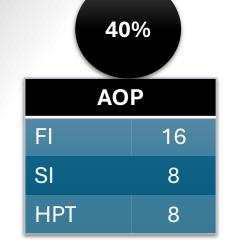
- 5. Rear Cross Traffic Assist with Alert (RCTA) or Braking (RCTB)
- Other Advanced SATs proposed by manufacturers-subject to ASEAN NCAP approval.



Motorcyclist Safety



2026-2030



32

80

70

60

50

40



V D/ \		
CPD		5
	54	
	75	
	60	
	50	
	40	
	30	

20%

COP

16

8

12

13

FI

SI

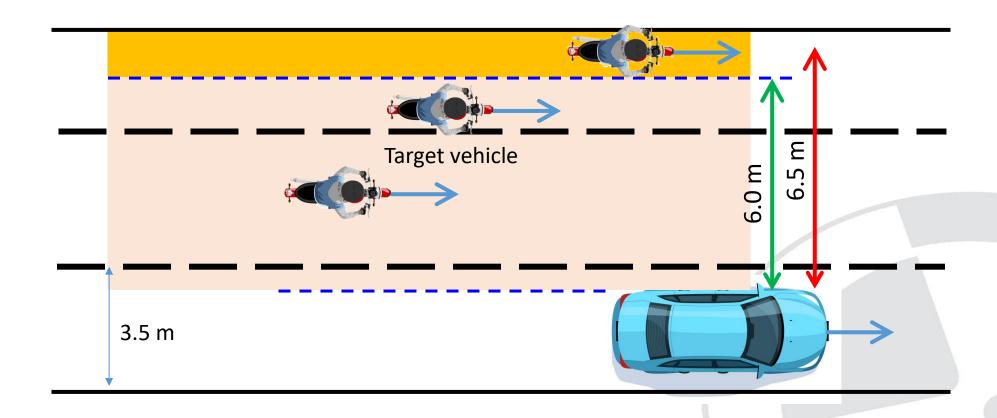
CRSi

VBA

20%				
SA				
EBA	6			
SBR	6			
AEB	7.5			
LKA	2			
SAT	2			

23.5	
75	
60	
40	
30	
20	

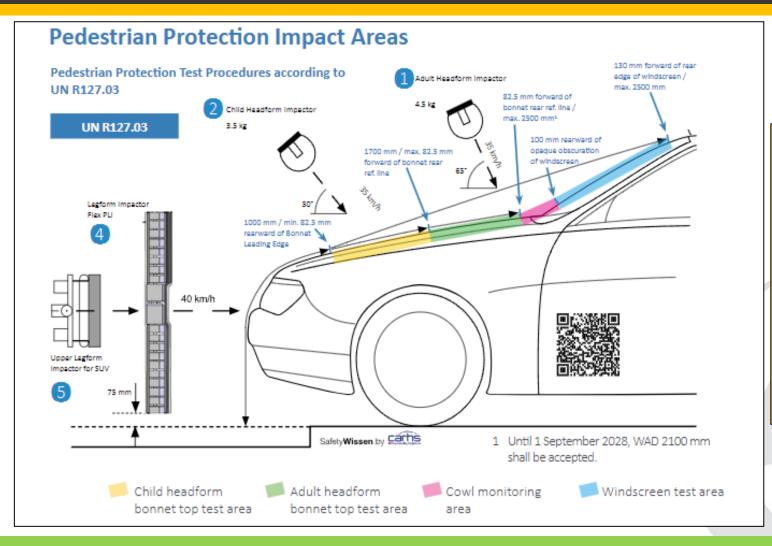
20%				
СОР				
BSD / BSV	8			
ARV	3			
AHB / ADB	3			
PP	2			
AEB MC	6			
MST	2			
24				
55				
45				
40				
30				
20				



Change of non-detection lateral distance from 6.5m to 6.0m



Pedestrian Protection



UNR127-02

Impact Area

Bonnet area only

UNR127-03

Impact Area

Bonnet + Windshield area



Scenarios for AEB CM Assessment

CMRm

 Car-to-Motorcycle Rearend moving

CMFtap

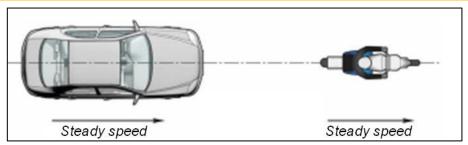
 Car-to-Motorcycle Front Turn Across Path

CMCrossing

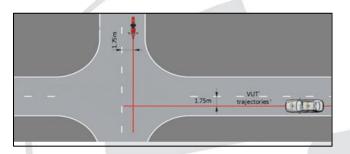
Car-to-Motorcycle
 Crossing

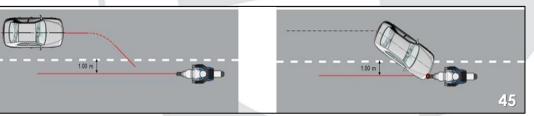
CMOncoming

Car-to-Motorcycle
 Oncoming













ASEAN NCAP Motorcycle Target for 2026 (AEB CM)

A newly developed motorcycle target for ASEAN NCAP assessment dedicated to the

Motorcyclist Safety pillar.

- Testing materials
 - > Driving robot
 - > Test platform
- > Light condition
 - ➤ Day
- Weather condition
 - > Dry surface



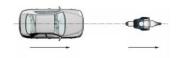




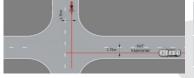


Test Scenarios for AEB CM

	CMRm		CMFtap	CMCrossing	CM Oncoming
	Car to Motorcycle Rear- end moving		Car to Motorcycle Front Turn Across Path	Car-to-Motorcycle Crossing	Car-to-Motorcycle Oncoming
Type of test	AEB	FCW	AEB	AEB	[LDW / ELK]
VUT Speed [km/h]	40 - 60	40 - 80	10,20	20-60	72
VUT direction	Forward		Farside turn	Farside and nearside	Farside [0,2] 0,3-0,6 m/s
Target speed [km/h]	30,45,60		30,45,60	20	60
Impact location [%VUT width]	50	50 and 25	50	50 -50% motorcycle length	10
Lighting condition	Day		Day	Day	Day
Obstruction	No, 7m /2		No, 9m /2	No, 9m / 2	No
Number of test	36 speed combinations (best case: 20 tests)		6 tests	9 speed combinations (best case: 5 tests)	4 – 5 tests











Summary

- Why the update?
- Technological evolution
- Increased motorcycle use
- Align with UN regulations
- Protocol developed through technical reviews and stakeholder input
- Greater emphasis on:
- Motorcyclist Safety
- Advanced Safety Technologies
- Post-Crash Features
- Revised weighting system
- Mandatory feature expectations



THANK YOU

FOR YOUR ATTENTION



ACT 0190



